Tour of the Typelevel

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Tour of the Typelevel

Tonight:

- Several common type system extensions.
- Motivating examples.
- Dropping signposts.
- Less scary when you see them in libraries.
- Please keep arms and legs inside the vehicle at all times.





```
Kind Signatures
• Values may have type signatures.
• Types may have kind signatures:
{-# LANGAUGE GADTSyntax, KindSignatures #-}
data Either (a :: Type) (b :: Type) :: Type
   where
   Left :: a -> Either a b
   Right :: b -> Either a b
```







```
data Structure = -- ...
loadStructure :: FilePath -> IO Structure
loadStructure = -- ...
verify :: Structure -> Bool
verify = -- ...
```

```
DataKinds Example: Verified Reads
{-# LANGUAGE DataKinds #-}
data Verification = Unverified | Verified
data Structure (v :: Verification) = -- ...
loadStructure
    :: FilePath
    -> IO (Structure 'Unverified)
loadStructure = -- ...
verify
    :: Structure v
    -> Maybe (Structure 'Verified)
verify = -- ...
```









```
Type Families: Open Type Families
Instead of providing all the equations, allow anyone to add
their own.
    {-# LANGUAGE DataKinds #-}
    {-# LANGUAGE PolyKinds #-}
    {-# LANGUAGE TypeFamilies #-}
    data Permission = P1 | P2
    type family
        Permissions (act :: k) :: [Permission]
    -- In some other module...
    data Action = A1 | A2
    type instance Permissions 'A1 = ['P1, 'P2]
    type instance Permissions 'A2 = '[]
```





Consider this function:

```
normalise :: String -> String
normalise = show . read
```

- What instances of Read and Show do we use?
- We can use a Proxy to explicitly choose an instance.

```
{-# LANGUAGE PolyKinds, KindSignatures #-}
data Proxy (a :: k) = Proxy
```

```
Proxy Example: String Normalisation

• Consider this version:
    {-# LANGUAGE ScopedTypeVariables #-}
    normalise
    :: forall a . (Read a, Show a)
    => Proxy a
    -> String
    -> String
    normalise _ s = show (read s :: a)
```

```
Proxy Example: Value of a Symbol at Runtime
    {-# LANGUAGE DataKinds, TypeApplications #-}
    import Data.Proxy
    import GHC.TypeLits
    hello :: String
    hello = symbolVal (Proxy :: Proxy "hello")
    hello' :: String
    hello' = symbolVal (Proxy @"hello")
```

Summary

- DataKinds lifts data declarations into new types and kinds.
- ConstraintKinds lets you use types of kind Constraint inside contexts.
- ► GADTs let you fiddle the type variables in data constructors.
- MultiParamTypeClasses turn type classes into *relations* on types. Use FunctionalDependencies to help things along.
- ScopedTypeVariables lets you use type variables inside function bodies.
- TypeFamilies lets you write type-level functions.
- The Proxy type lets you pass additional type information to functions.